User Manual

Optical Fiber Arc Fusion Splicer

SWIFT R5

Read this service manual carefully

before running R5.



Table of Contents

I . For Your Safety		3
II . Specifications a	nd Components	7
1. Specifications	-	7
2. Components		8
3. Preparations for	splicing	9
III. Product Descript	ion	10
1. External appear	ance of R5	10
2. Arc fusion splic	ing assembly	12
3. R5 Auto Strippe	er	13
4. R5 Cleaner		18
5. R5 Cleaver		20
6. R5 Sleeve Heate	er	26
IV . Operation		31
1. Supplying powe	r	31
V . Menu Descriptio	on	34
1. Function buttor	าร	34
2. Turning on R5		35
3. Installing the p	rotective sleeve loader / cooling tray	36
4. Placing the fibe	r in the splicer	37
5. Inserting fiber i	into the protection sleeve	37
6. Splice procedur	e	38
7. Removing splice	ed fiber	42
8. Installing the sl	eeve on the sleeve heater	42
9. Heating the pro	tection sleeve	43
VI . Maintaining Sp	lice Quality	44
1. Cleaning and ex	amination prior to splicing	44
2. Regular mainter	nance and cleaning	46
VII. Menu		48
1. Splice menu		48
2. Heater menu		56

3. Auto Stripper menu	60
4. Option	63
5. Calibration	72
6. Electrode	75
7. Locking menu	75
8. Settings	75
9. Information	81
IX. Error Messages	86
1. FIBER DIRTY	86
2. REPLACE POSITION	86
3. TOO LONG FIBER	87
4. FIBER OVER ANGLE	87
5. LOSS LIMIT OVER	87
6. FIBER THIN ERROR	88
7. FIBER THICK ERROR	88
8. CORE BUBBLE	88
X. How to deal with splicing problems	89
1. When the splice loss is too high	89
2. Abnormal operation of arc fusion splice	90
XI. Q&A	91
1. Power	91
2. Splice operation	92
3. Operation of the tube heater	93
4. Maintenance	94
5. Other settings	94
XII. Warranty Period and Contact Information	95
1. Warranty period and services	95
2. Before sending the arc fusion splicer to us	95
3. Information required for repair	95
4. Transport	96
5. Repair	96
Product Warranty	97

I. For Your Safety

Swift R5 has been designed and produced to maximize the user's convenience for both outdoor and indoor works, so its operation is easy and simple. However, we strongly recommend our customers to read this service manual carefully prior to running the device in order to prevent any accident and breakdown because improper handling of Swift R5 may cause serious danger. This service manual provides all the necessary information to ensure splicing safely.

\Box Keep this service manual with the device at all times

Ilsintech co. It is not liable for any personal injury, physical loss and damage to device caused by inappropriate use or remodeling of the equipment.

Warnings

Please, turn off the power of the device immediately and contact Ilsintech co. ltd if any of below mentioned incidents occurs while operating the machine.

□ Fumes, bad odor, noise or overheating

□ Liquid or foreign substances falls into the device

□ The arc fusion splicer is dropped or damaged

Use the power cord provided with the device. Using an inappropriate AC power cord may cause fire, electric shock or injury.

DO NOT touch the electrode when the power of R5 is ON. The high voltage and temperature may cause electric shock or burn.

Connect the AC power cord to the battery charger provided with the device and wall outlet. Check to ensure no dust or foreign substance on the AC plug electrode before connecting it.

Unsafe connection may cause the occurrence of fumes, fire or damage to the device resulting in fire or serious injury or death.

Warnings

Apply correct voltage.

The correct input AC power to the adapter is AC 100-240V and 50-60Hz.

Examine the input AC power before applying. Applying incorrect AC power could result in electric shock, equipment breakdown, serious injury or even death. Abnormally high AC voltage or irregular frequencies are often generated by AC generator; hence it is necessary to check the AC output power with a circuit tester. Since abnormal high voltage and frequencies may result in serious electric shock, injury, death or damage to the equipment, it is important to regularly check the operation status of the generator before use.

DO NOT excessively pull, amend, misuse or apply heat to the AC power cable provided by the company. Using a damaged power cable may result in fire or injury.

Connect 3-core Ac power cord. DO NOT use 2-core, cable and plug.

DO NOT touch the AC plug, AC power cable or the arc fusion splicer with wet hands. It may cause an electric shock.

DO NOT disassemble the AC adapter, battery or the arc fusion splicer. Any amendment or changes of R5 may cause fire, electric shock or injury.

When using an external battery pack, follow instructions below.

- □ Using improper external battery may cause fumes, damage to the device, burn, serious injury or even death.
- \Box DO NOT throw the battery into fire or a trash incinerator.
- DO NOT charge the battery near flame or fire.
- \Box DO NOT excessively or apply physical shock to the battery.
- □ If the batter is not fully charged or green LED is not turned on in about six hours, stop charging immediately and contact Ilsintech co. ltd. DO NOT put any object on the AC adapter while it is being charged.

Use the adapter (R511) and battery pack (R513) that are provided by the company at all times. Using a different type of battery pack may cause fumes, fire, and damage to the device, injury and death.

Warnings

Use the battery adapter provided by the company at all times. DO NOT use other type of AC power cord.

Make sure that no short circuit is made in the terminal of the AC adapter (R513) and the battery. Excessive electric current may cause damage to the machine and injury.

DO NOT run R5 in an environment there is flammable liquid or toxic gas. The electric arc of the arc fusion splicer may cause fire or explosion.

DO NOT clean R5 using compressed air or gas.

Check the condition of belt to ensure that it has no damaged or worn out parts before transporting the carrier case using the belt. If the carrier case is dropped due to worn out belt, it could damage the machine or people could get hurt.

Make sure to wear protective glasses while performing splicing works. If fiber fragments come into contact with the eye or skin, it can be extremely dangerous.

DO NOT operate the arc fusion splicer at a high temperature or near heat, otherwise injury or damage to the device may occur.

Take extra caution when handling the heater part whose surface is extremely hot. DO NOT touch it by hand and make sure nothing contact it.



: DO NOT TOUCH

The blade of the shear unit is extremely sharp. Be careful not to hurt yourself.



: Danger! High Voltage!



: EXTREMELY HOT



: DO NOT SPARY FREON GAS

Cautions

DO NOT touch the tube heater or the protection sleeve during or immediately after heating them. The hot surface may cause injury.

DO NOT place R5 in an unstable or unbalanced place. The machine may fall, causing injury or damage to the machine.

R5 has to be precisely adjusted and aligned. DO NOT allow the unit to receive a strong impact. Use the supplied carrying case for its transportation and storage. The carrying case protects R5 from breakage, moisture, shake and shock during storage and transportation.

Replace the electrode in a timely manner and maintain it as instructed below;

 \Box Use only a specified electrode.

 \Box Place a new electrode in the correct position.

 \Box Replace the electrodes as a pair.

If the user fails to follow the above instructions, it may cause abnormal arcdischarge, resulting in damage to the machine or degradation in splicing performance.

Use no chemicals other than ethyl alcohol (96% or greater) to clean the objective lens, Ribbon Groove, windshield mirror, LCD monitor and body of the machine. Otherwise, blurring, discoloration, damage or performance deterioration may occur. R5 requires no lubrication. The use of oil or grease may degrade its performance and damage to the equipment

DO NOT store the device in a place where temperature or humidity is high. Damage to the machine may occur.

The technical examination of R5 must be carried out by a qualified engineer; otherwise, fire or electric shock may occur. If any problems occur, contact Ilsintech co. ltd for repair and maintenance.

II. Specifications and Components

1. Specifications

Subject	Description
Fiber alignment	IPAS core to core alignment (Image pattern analysis alignment system)
Applicable type of fibers	SM(ITU-T G.652), MM(ITU-T G.651), DS(ITU-T G.653), NZDS(ITU-T G.655)
Fiber count	Single fiber, 2~12 fiber
Applicable fiber dimensions	Single : Cladding diameter: 125µm, Coating diameter: 250,900µm Ribbon : Cladding diameter: 125µm, Coating diameter: 0.27 to 0.32µm
Fiber setting and cleaved length	8mm
Splicing modes	Splice mode: 100, Heat mode: 50
Typical Splice Loss	SMF: 0.02dB, MMF: 0.01dB, DSF: 0.04dB, NZDSF: 0.04dB
Return Loss	>60dB
Splicing Time	Typical 20sec with standard SM(ITU-T G.652)
Splice loss estimate	Available
Sleeve heating time	35sec
Applicable protection sleeve	45mm(fiber), 28mm or 32mm (connector)
Storage of splice result	The last 8,000 results to be stored in the internal memory. (Image 8,000 results)
Tension test	2N / 4.4N (Option)
Operating condition	Altitude: 5,000m above sea level, Temperature: -10°C~50°C, Humidity: 0~95%, Wind: 15m/s, non-condensing, dust proof, water proof, shock proof
Storage condition	Temperature: -40°C~80°C, Humidity: 0~95%
Dimensions	142(W) x 225(L) x 132(H)mm (Include rubber)
Weight	2.5kg(Include battery 3.2kg)
Viewing method and display	Two CMOS cameras and 4.3" color LCD monitor with touch panel
Fiber view and magnification	50X
Power supply	DC Lithium polymer battery(14.8V, 7700mAh), 100 ~ 240V AC Adapter
No.of splice cycles with battery	320cycle
Electrode life	More than 1,000 times splicing without exchange
Terminals	USB, RCA, External Power(DC 12V Available for car cigar jack)

2. Components



Other components

- Carrying case
- Service manual

3. Preparations for splicing

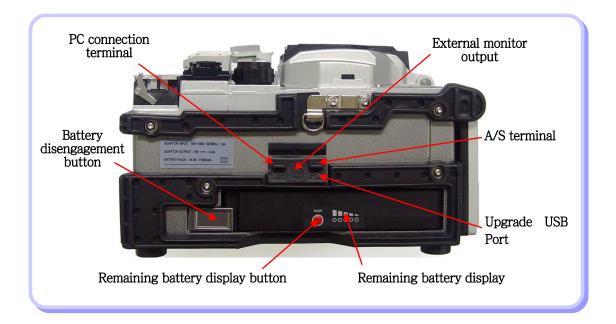


III. Product Description

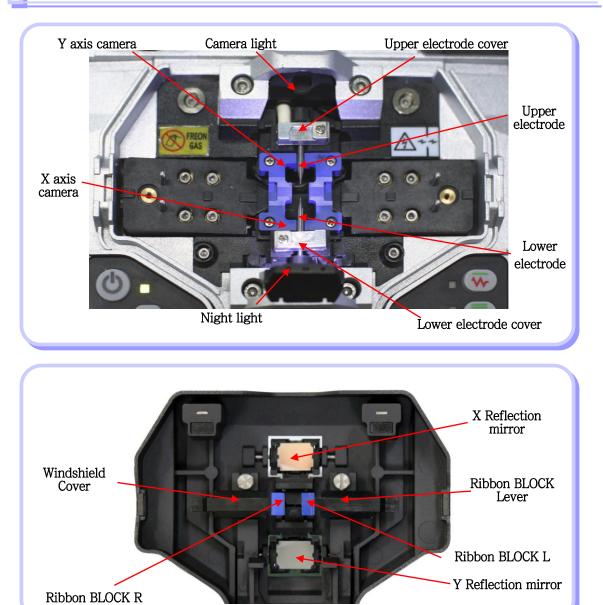
Optical fiber arc fusion splicer Swift R5 has been designed for splicing various types of optical fiber using IPS system technology. In order to meet the work conditions of both inside and outside, it is small, light and easy to operate maintaining very low rate in splice loss and fast splice capacity. Users have to read carefully the service manual for the maximum use of R5.

1. External appearance of R5

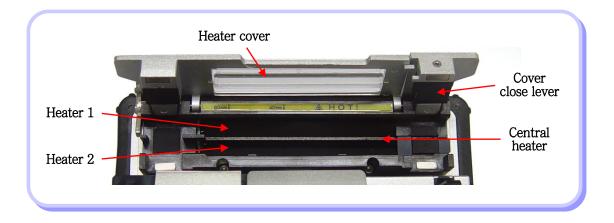








2. Arc fusion splicing assembly



3. R5 Auto Stripper

1) Features

R5 automatic fiber stripper automatically carries out an accurate stripping of the coating of single- and multi-mode fibers. Featuring excellent tensile force of fiber, the automatic stripper strips up to 28.0mm in length without damaging the surface of fiber. Read the user manual sufficiently to maintain the best performance of the unit.

 $\hfill\square$ Be careful not to wet the equipment.

☐ Maintain the unit in a clean condition at all times because many of splicing problems are caused by dust or moisture.

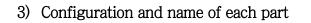
□ Keep and use the unit at room temperature as it could be deformed by heat.

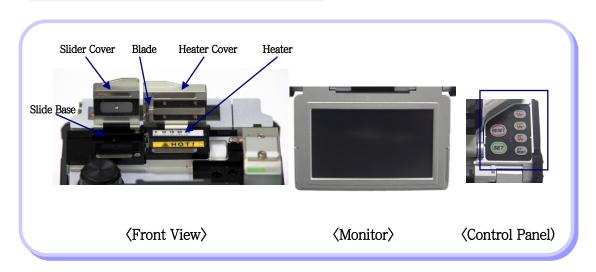
 \Box Keep the equipment from being shaken or physically impacted as it could be broken.

□ Never use organic solvents such as acetone except alcohol to clean rubber part of the equipment.

2) Specifications

Applicable Fiber Diameter	125,µm	
Applicable Cable Diameter	250 µm, 900 µm	
Strip Length	Max 28.0 mm	
Heating Time	0 ~ 15 sec	
Heat Temp. Range (HEATING TYPE)	60 °C ~ 150 °C	
Tensile Force after Stripping	4kgf	

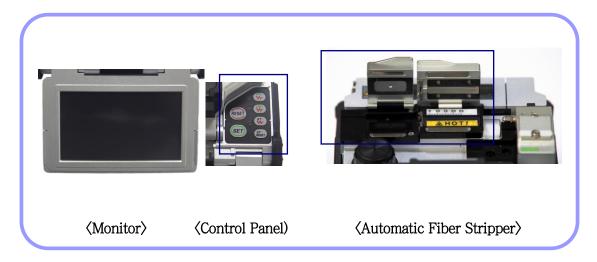




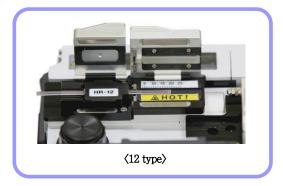
4) Operation Procedure (Fiber stripper)

(1) Stripping Procedure

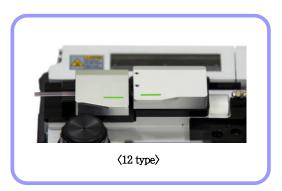
1 Warm up the thermal stripper after applying power to the control area. Open thermal stripper cover and slide cover for preparation.



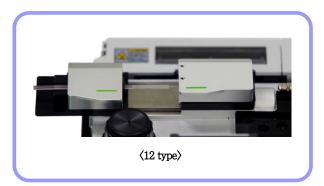
2 Place fiber into the holder as shown below pictures. The minimum stripping length should be longer than 18mm.



Mount the holder containing the fiber onto the slider and close slide cover.



4 Once the thermal stripper cover is closed, the fiber is heated up for a predefined time and the coating is stripped by moving the slider.



- 5 When stripping is completed, open the slide cover and detach the holder containing the stripped fiber. The slider part moves to the initial position as thermal stripper cover is opened.
- 6 Remove any remaining coating residue from thermal stripper and blade areas using a soft brush for next operation. Be careful in handling blade part which is very sensitive.

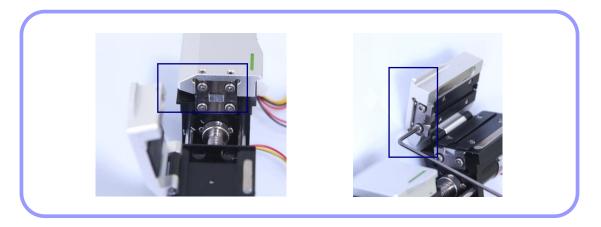




5) maintenance

(1) Replacement & Adjustment of Blade

Remove worn out blade by unscrewing fixing bolts as shown below picture. At this time, move the slide part to the left hand side.



2 Place new blades in the reverse manner of removing.

(Two blades as a pair at top and bottom)

Make sure that both blades fit tightly in place in order to achieve a good strip result.

(2) Handling and storage

- Be careful of using, handling or storing principal parts including blades, heater, etc as they are closely related to the equipment's operation life.
- Do not apply unnecessarily weight or physical impact in handling the equipment.
- Keep the principal parts of the equipment in a clean condition always.
- Keep it clean and in a case when not using, which will increase the life of the equipment.

4. R5 Cleaner

1) Features

The alcohol dispenser in the R5 has a limited capacity; the alcohol pump can be removed and refilled with cleaning fluid.

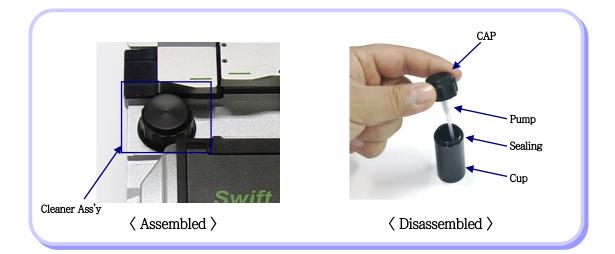


 \Box Be careful not to wet the equipment.

□ Maintain the unit in a clean condition at all times because many of splicing problems are caused by dust or moisture.

- \Box Keep and use the unit at room temperature as it could be deformed by heat.
- □ Keep the equipment from being shaken or physically impacted as it could be broken.
- □ Never use organic solvents such as acetone except alcohol to clean rubber part of the equipment.

2) Configuration and name of each part



3) Cleaning Procedure

 When cleaning, press down on the alcohol dispenser 2 or 3 times, using cleaning cotton (wipe) as shown in the picture below. At this time, to avoid splashing the alcohol please cover the top part of dispenser with cleaning cotton and push it



If no alcohol is discharged, open cap and refill the dispenser.Add alcohol after completely removing it from the R5 body by pulling upward. It is connected to the body by magnet.



3) The recommended cleaning fluid is MCC-POC03M.

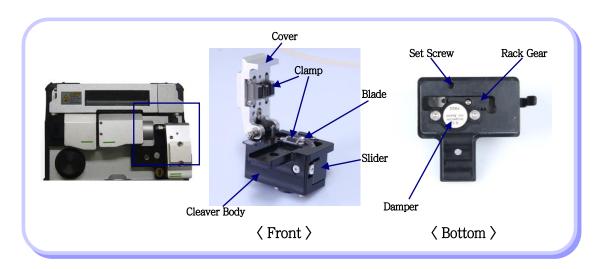
5. R5 Cleaver

1) Features

- (1) The cleaver is designed to cleave the fiber at a 90 degree angle.
- (2) For the best result, following requirements should be met.
- The coating of fiber shall be cleanly stripped.
- The fiber shall be properly placed on the holder upon cleaving.
- The physical condition and height of the cleaver blade shall be adequately maintained.

□ Be careful not to wet the equipment

- □ Maintain the unit in a clean condition at all times because many of splicing problems are caused by dust or moisture.
- \Box Keep and use the unit at room temperature as it could be deformed by heat.
- □ Keep the equipment from being shaken or physically impacted as it could be broken.
- □ Never use organic solvents such as acetone except alcohol to clean rubber part of the equipment.

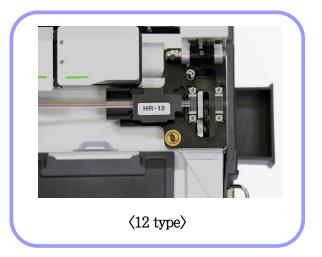


2) Configuration and name of each part

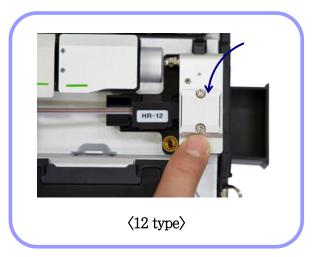
- 3) Operation Procedure (Fiber Stripper)
- 1 Open cover and set the holder containing stripped fiber into the cleaving position.

Check whether the fiber is lying in place.

Use the chip-box located at the right side of the body.

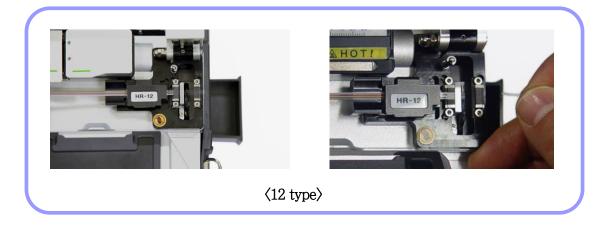


2 Press the cover to cleave the fiber.





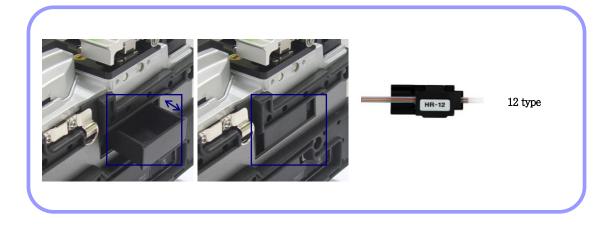
Open the cover and check the result.



Take out the cut fiber and holder.

Be careful not to contaminate the fiber with dust or foreign substance.

The fiber shards are collected in the slide-type chip-box placed at the side of R5 body.



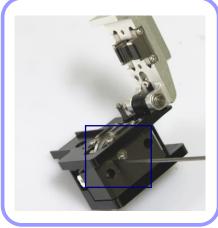
4) Replacement & Adjustment of Blade

- 1 to 16 channel (cleave positions) is marked on a blade.
- If cutting is carried out not properly, clean the edge and top and bottom rubber pads of the blade with a cotton swab wet in alcohol (Do not use acetone or solvent in cleaning the rubber pads.)
- If the life of the blade is almost over, fiber is not cleaved at all. In that case, change the blade channel or replace with new one.

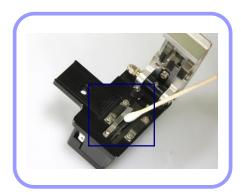
- (1) The change of blade channel. (cleave position)
- 1 Detach the automatic cleaver from the R5 body using a hexagon wrench as shown below picture.

2 Open the cover and push the slider forward. When the slider is fixed, loosen the set screw a little bit (about 2 turns) with a hexagon wrench.



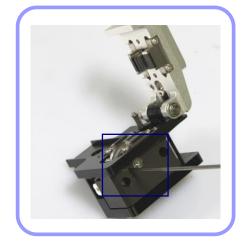


3 Turn the markings on the blade counter clock wise one by one with a cotton swab. Assemble the automatic cleaver in the reverse manner of detaching.

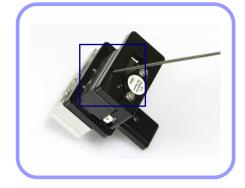


(2) Blade replacement

As shown below picture, loosen the set screw at the side of the cleaver detached from the body a little bit (around 2 turns) with a wrench.



Insert a wrench into the hole at the bottom of the cleaver and loosen the set screw of the slider a little bit (about 2 turns).
 At this point, the slider has to be moved backward.



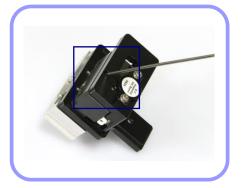
Insert the wrench bolt into the cam pin and pull it with tweezers and detach the slider.



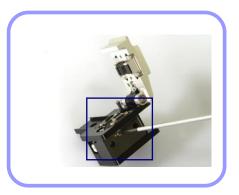
4 Be careful not to damage the blade. Assemble the part in the reverse manner. Tighten the set-screw firmly.

(3) Adjustment of blade height

 Insert a wrench into the hole at the bottom of the cleaver and loosen the set screw of the slider a little bit (about 2 turns). At this point, the slider has to be moved backward.



Adjust the blade height by turning Cam Pin with a flat-head screwdriver.
 Clockwise turning: going upward
 Counterclockwise turning: going downward



3 When the blade reaches required position, tighten the set-screw of the slider. Thoroughly and accurately set the height using a gauge because the height directly effects the cleave quality of fiber.

1) Features

The sleeve heater is designed to strengthen the fiber splice.

To ensure maximum reinforcement the following conditions must be met

- After splicing the fiber splice must be visually perfect
- The fiber and sleeve must be placed correctly in the heater, failure to place the sleeve and fiber in the correct position can result in incorrect heating and possible damage to the splice joint.
- When splicing, the heater cover cannot be left open, it must be in the fully closed position



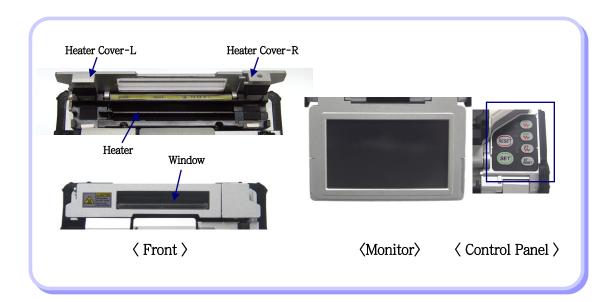
 \square Be careful not to wet the equipment.

- □ Maintain the unit in a clean condition at all times because many of splicing problems are caused by dust or moisture.
- □ Keep and use the unit at room temperature as it could be deformed by heat.
- □ Keep the equipment from being shaken or physically impacted as it could be broken.
- □ Never use organic solvents such as acetone except alcohol to clean rubber part of the equipment.

2) Specifications

Applicable Cable Diameter	$\Phi 250\mu\text{m},\Phi$ 900 $\mu\text{m},\Phi$ 2.0mm~ Φ 3.0mm, 2~12Fiber	
Sleeve Length	32mm(standard)	
Sleeving Time	20~35 sec	
Heat Temp. Range	130°C ~ 200 °C	

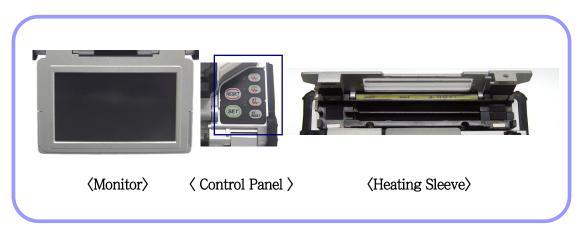
3) Configuration and name of each part



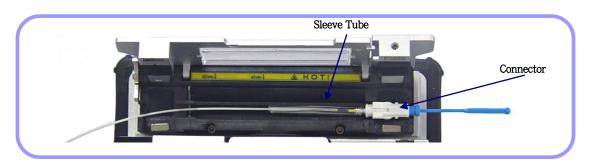
4) Operation Procedure (Heating Sleeve)

(1) Sleeve Procedure

As shown in the picture below, apply power to the control panel and open the cover of the heater to prepare.



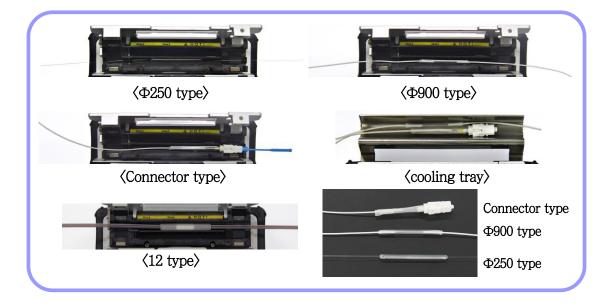
2 Set the sleeve tube to the area of arc-fused fiber that needs to be reinforced and place the fiber inside the heater. The connector type should be set to the right-most position so that sleeve tube moves the heater as closely as possible.



Activate the heater after placing the fiber. Cooling fan is run to cool the tube 20 seconds after heater activation.

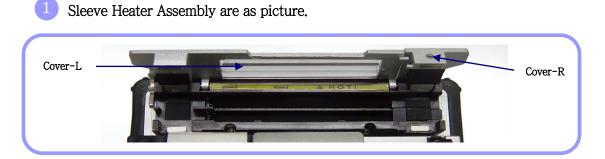


Open the cover when cooling is completed and take out the reinforced fiber.



5) Maintenance

(1) Replacement & Adjustment of Sleeve Heater Block, Lever Block



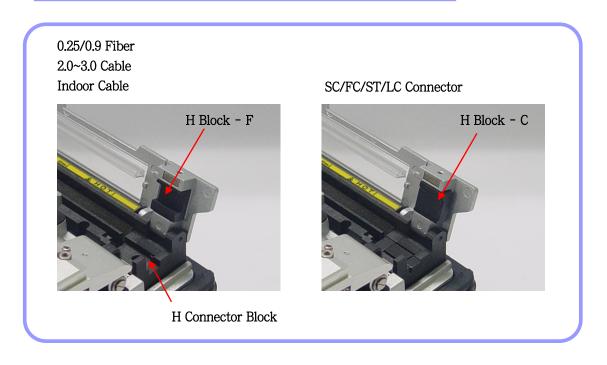
Disassemble and replace the Sleeve Heater Assembly with wrench as picture, as to fiber type.



3 Disassemble and replace the Lever Block of left/right side with wrench as picture, as to fiber type.



(2) The Choice of Heater Block / Lever Block by fiber type



(3) Handling and storage

- Be careful in using, handling or storing principal parts including blades, heater, etc as they are closely related to the life of the equipment.
- Do not apply unnecessarily weight or physical impact in handling the equipment.
- Keep the principal parts of the equipment in a clean condition always.
- Keep it clean and in a case when not using, which will increase the life of the equipment.

1. Supplying power

The high performance battery and its power adapter allow R5 to be operated while it is being charged.

Charging the battery

Connect the adapter to the DC jack of the battery and the AC cord to a wall AC outlet. The LED is changed to green when the charging is completed. Since the floating charging method is applied

to R5, it can run while it is being charged.

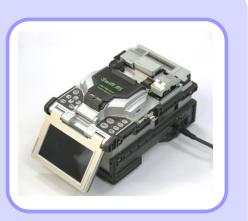




The battery pack includes the protection circuit so that over discharge and over charge can be prevented. The supply of power stops once the protection circuit is activated. In order to deactivate the protection circuit and resume feeding power, wait about 10 seconds and connect the DC plug to the DC jack of the battery pack and the AC cord of the charger to a wall outlet.

When using AC

Connect the DC Plug of the AC adapter to the DC jack of the battery installed in the body. An amber or green light of the battery is on when proper AC power is fed. Make sure the rated power is supplied. 250V or higher voltage is not allowed. Connect the AC power cable of the adaptor provided by the company to a wall AC outlet.

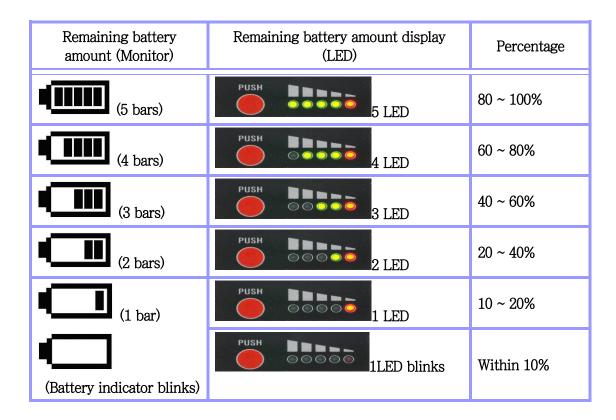


Never use an adapter other than the one provided with the machine; otherwise an incident such as fire may occur.

Battery capacity

Press the remaining battery display to display the remaining amount of battery



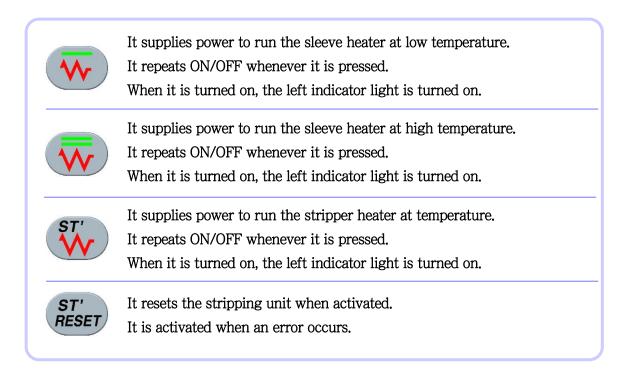


The battery must be charged when the remaining battery is as low as one bar.

V. Menu Description

1. Function buttons

C	To turn the power on and off When the switch is pressed and held for about 0.5 second, the power and monitor are turned on and the indicator next to the switch is changed to green. When the switch is pressed and held for about one second, the indicator and power are turned off.
	To move the cursor to left The monitor becomes darker if it is pressed on the initial screen. In addition, it is used to control the movement of fiber and adjust the camera focus in manual mode. (Refer to the manual mode instruction for more detailed information).
	To move the cursor to right The monitor becomes brighter if it is pressed on the initial screen. In addition, it is used to control the movement of fiber and adjust the camera focus in manual mode (Refer to the manual mode instruction for more detailed information).
	To move the cursor upward In manual mode it is used to select each motor (Refer to the manual mode instruction for more detailed information).
	To move the cursor downward In manual mode it is used to select each motor (Refer to the manual mode instruction for more detailed information).
MENU	To open the menu screen
ENTER	To confirm a setting and enter function To move to next level on menu screen or confirm a setting in edit mode.
SET	To execute splicing command To activate next action when the separated performance med is in use
RESET	To cancel splicing command or initialize the splicing function.



2. Turn on R5

Monitor angle

The angle of the monitor can be adjusted to provide better view.

Monitor ON

Press the power key for about 0.5 second without opening the windshield cover.

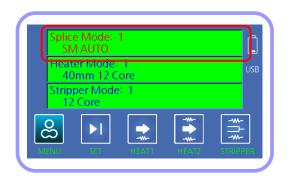
The initial screen is displayed after resetting all the motors to their respective initial position.



Initial Screen

It is important to choose a right splice mode to ensure an accurate splicing result. The current splice mode is displayed on the initial page.

A right heater mode must be selected to heat the protection sleeve. The current heater mode is displayed on the initial page.



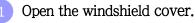
Press MENU key to change splice mode on the initial page.
 The splice mode, heater mode and stripper mode are displayed on the screen.

3. Installing the protective sleeve loader / cooling tray

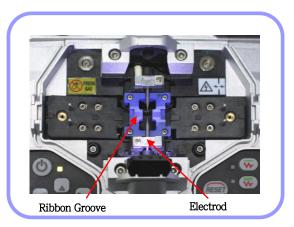
Pull out the protection sleeve loader and inset it into the right or left groove. Insert the cooling tray into the groove at the rear side of the heater.



4. Placing the fiber on the splicer



Optical fiber holder was mounted left / right and places it on receiving part.



If the coated part of the fiber is bent, place the bent part downward.
 Make sure that the tip of the prepared fiber does not contact other object.

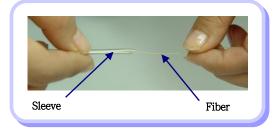
Optical fiber mounted on the Ribbon Groove well to visually verify that.

Place the other fiber in the same way as

5 Close the windshield cover.

5. Inserting fiber into the protection sleeve

Insert the fiber into the protection sleeve.



6. Splice procedure

The condition of the fiber can be observed via the image processing system installed in Swift R5. However, an examination with operator's naked eyes is necessary to ensure better splice result.

1 The fibers installed in the splicer move toward each other. The moving fibers can stop at precise positions at which point splicing can be carried out after completing a discharge for cleaning. Then, the cut angle, physical condition of the tip area and dust existence needs to be checked. If the measured cut angle



is bigger than the preset limit value or any damage to the fiber is discovered, an error message appears on the screen and the splice process stops. If no error message appears on the screen, examine the condition of the cross sections with your eyes based on following figures. Any fiber that has similar condition to any of below figures has to be removed and a new fiber must be placed. These general defects can cause a wrong splice.

Cracked	Broken	Tilted

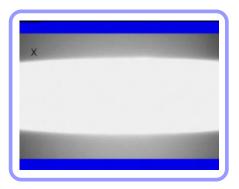
The fibers whose examination has completed are arranged core to core or clad to clad. The measured values of clad axis deviation and core axis deviation can be displayed on the screen.

- □ It is possible to set the fibers not to be arranged after checking the cut angles.
- \Box The maximum limit of cut angle can be changed.
- □ Press SET key to proceed to the next step ignoring the error message about the cut angle.
- □ It is possible not to display the cut angle and the deviations of clad axis and core axis during arc fusion.

3 Discharge is carried out to perform splicing the fibers after completing the arrangement of the fibers.

> The discharge is initiated when the ARC key is pressed after completing the arrangement in non-continuous operation mode.

The splice loss value is measured after completing arc fusion and displayed on the screen. The loss value is affected by error elements. And, these elements also influence the estimation and computation of the value. The computation of the loss value is based on such clear measurement factors as MFD.





If the measured cut angle or computed loss value is greater than the preset limit, an error message appears on the screen. Also, an alarm can be triggered by the discovery of an abnormal condition of the spliced part including too thick or thin area or bubbles. Even if an error message does not occur, it is recommended to perform the arc fusion process again if the result on the screen does not look good enough when examining it with naked eyes.



 Sometimes, the spliced area can seem fatter or larger than other part. This is normal situation and does not affect the splice loss.
 Please refer to relevant parts for more information about changing the limit values of computed splice loss or cut angle.

The splice loss can be corrected and improved in some cases via conducting additional arc fusion. Press ARC key to conduct additional arc fusion, which will perform the computation of splice loss value and check the condition of the spliced area.



However, in some cases, the splice loss can be aggravated by performing additional arc fusion splicing; hence the operator can set the additional discharge off or limit the number of discharge.

Growth of splice loss: causes and corrective measures

Symptoms	Cause	Corrective measures	
Core axis deviation	Dust on the Ribbon Groove or holder	Clean the Ribbon Groove or holder	
Core angle	Dust on the Ribbon Groove or holder	Clean the Ribbon Groove or holder	
	Bad condition of fiber's tip	Check the performance of fiber cutter.	
Core deformation	Dust on the Ribbon Groove or holder	Clean the Ribbon Groove or holder	
Irregular core	Bad condition of fiber's tip	Check the performance of fiber cutter.	
	Too low initial discharge or too short initial discharge time	Increase the initial discharge or initial discharge time	
Inconsistent MFD	Too low discharge	Too low discharge	
Burned	Bad condition of fiber's tip	Check the performance of fiber cutter.	
	There is still dust after cleaning or discharge for cleaning.	Clean carefully the fiber or increase the discharge duration for cleaning.	
Bubbles	Bad condition of fiber's tip	Check the performance of fiber cutter.	
	Too low initial discharge or too short initial discharge time	Increase the initial discharge or initial discharge time	
Separation	Too much initial discharge or too	Increase the duplicated area.	
ÐG	long initial discharge time	Decrease the initial discharge or initial discharge time	

Thick	Fiber is too long.	Decrease the duplicated area.
Thin	Incorrect discharge amount	Conduct discharge calibration
	Some discharge elements are not correct	Adjust initial discharge, time and duplicated area.
Line	Some discharge elements are not correct	Adjust initial discharge, time and duplicated area.

A vertical line appears on the spliced area sometimes when splicing multimode fibers or not similar fibers (i.e. whose diameters are different). However, it does not affect the splice loss or the splice quality including tensile strength.

Saving splice results

The splice result can be saved and the procedure is as follows;



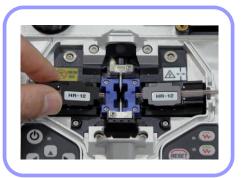
Total 8,000 results can be recorded and the 8,001th result will be warren on the line of the 1st result.

How to save the splicing result image (a note cannot be entered)

In case of saving the completed splicing image, tap the camera icon which is in the lower middle of LCD or press the enter key.

7. Removing the spliced fiber

- 1 Open the sleeve heater cover.
- 2 Open the windshield cover.
- 3 Hold the left fiber with your left hand from the edge of the windshield and open the left holder cover.



Keep holding the fiber until transporting it to the tube heater.

- 4 Open the right holder cover
- 5 Hold the right fiber and remove the spliced fiber from the splicer.

8. Installing the sleeve on the sleeve heater

Place the arrow of the sleeve heater to the center of the protection sleeve. Slowly move the spliced fiber from the light until it reaches to the left hand at the edge of the tube heater. Place the protection sleeve in the middle of the tube heater.

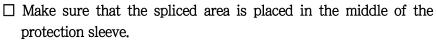


Make sure that the splice area is placed in the middle of the protection sleeve.

- 9. Heating the protection sleeve
- 1 Move the fiber inserted into the protection sleeve to the middle of the tube heater.
- 2 Place the fiber covered by the protection sleeve on the tube heater. Apply tension to the fiber downward so that the tube heater cover is closed automatically



When placing it on the tube heater (it applies to only the heater 1).



□ Place the supporting part inside the protection sleeve toward bottom.

Press HEAT key to start tube heating. LED of HEAT (red) is turned off when tube heating is completed.



Tube heating stops if the HEAT key is pressed again during heating.

4 Open the heater cover and remove the fiber that has been protected from the heater.

Apply tensile force to the fiber while removing it from the heater.



The protection sleeve may have been attached to the floor of the heater. Use a cotton swab when removing the sleeve from the heater.

Check to ensure there is no bubble, fragments or dust in the sleeve at all times.

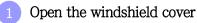
VI. Maintaining Splice Quality

1. Cleaning and examination prior to splicing

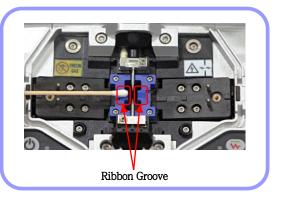
For cleaning and maintaining of important parts, follow below instructions.

Cleaning the Ribbon Groove

Any foreign substances inside the Ribbon Groove will affect the fixing condition of the fiber, resulting in high splice loss. Hence, it is important to examine the Ribbon Groove often and clean in a regular manner in accordance with following ways.

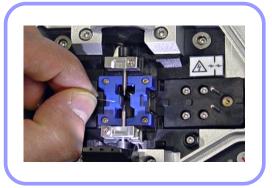


2 Clean the bottom of the Ribbon Groove with a cotton swab soaked in alcohol and remove the remaining alcohol inside the Ribbon Groove with a clean and dry cotton swab.



Make sure not to touch the tip of the electrode.
 DO NOT apply too much strength when cleaning the Ribbon Groove. The Ribbon Groove may be damaged.

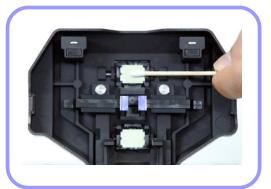
3 If the foreign substances inside the Ribbon Groove are not removed by the cotton swab soaked in alcohol, use the tip of the cut fiber. And then, repeat step 2 again.



Cleaning the windshield mirror

If the windshield mirror gets dirty, it will decrease the transparency level of the fiber path and cause the improper core position of the fiber, resulting in high splice loss rate. Clean the mirror in accordance with following instructions.

- Clean the surface of the fiber holder with a thin cotton ball soaked in alcohol and removes the remaining alcohol on the mirror surface with a clean and dry cotton swab.
- 2 The windshield mirror must be kept clean without a line, scratch or stain.



Cleaning the fiber cutter

The performance of cutting fibers can be deteriorated if the blade or clamp pads of the fiber cutter are contaminated. In addition, the contamination of the fiber surface or tip can cause high splice loss. For this reason, it is important to clean both the blade and clamp pads of the cutter with a cotton ball soaked in alcohol.

2. Regular maintenance and cleaning

It is crucial to perform examination and cleaning in a regular manner to maintain the splice quality of the device.

Cleaning the object lenses

The contamination of the object lens surface may cause incorrect observation of the core position, resulting in high splice loss and abnormal performance of the device. Therefore, the two object lenses have to be cleaned in regular manner. Otherwise, the dust will settle on the surface continuously and it may not be removed in the end. Clean them as instructed below.

1 Turn off the power of the device prior to cleaning the lenses.

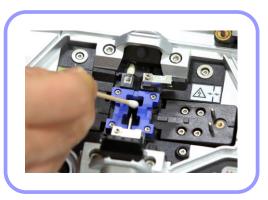
2 With an alcohol-soaked soft cotton swab, clean the (X axis and Y axis) lenses drawing spiral in form from the middle to the edge of the lenses. Remove remaining alcohol on the surface of the lenses with dry and clean cotton ball.



□ Make sure to remove the electrode before cleaning the object lenses.

□ Be careful not to touch the tip of the electrode when cleaning the object lenses.

- 3 The surface of the lenses must be kept clean without a line, scratch or stain.
- 4 Check to ensure there is no line, scratch or stain on the surface via the monitor screen after turning on the power. The condition of the lens



surface must be examined on the X and Y screens, changing the screen by pressing X and Y keys.

Replacement of the windshield mirror

If you cannot clean the mirror clearly or remove stains completely, the mirror has to be replaced.

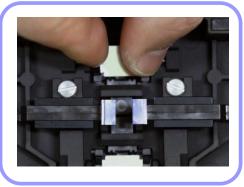
Turn of the power of the splicer

Open the windshield cover and, as shown in the below figures, push out the mirror case hook until you hear a click sound. Lift the mirror lock and detach the mirror.



Insert a new mirror into the mirror lock and assemble the parts in reverse manner of disassembling.

Make sure that the surface of the mirror has been properly inserted. If it is not properly placed, the central line of the fiber cannot be observed accurately.



Clean the mirror.

5 Turn on the power and examine if there is any line, scratch or stains on the surface via the monitor screen. The condition of the lens surface must be examined on the X and Y screens, changing the screen by pressing X and Y keys.

Not to get fingerprints and debris on the mirror is always clean management.

M. Menu

1. Splice menu

The most optimized splice settings for the accurate combination of fibers consists of following factors for splicing. Here, the splice factors depend on the combination of and differences between fibers.

- \Box Factors for adjusting discharge and heating
- \Box Factors for computing the estimated loss
- \Box Factors for adjusting the arrangement and splice process
- □ Maximum tolerance values before triggering an error message.

The types of the optimized splicing factors for the best combination of fibers have already been saved in the splicer. These information saved as database can be used by copying to the user program part. These factors can be amended for a better combination of fibers.

Database

Splice mode	Description
AUTO	The key profiles of fibers are observed and the fibers are automatically spliced. Users are not allowed adjusting the discharge amount.
SM	For splicing basic single mode fibers. MFD is 9~10um at the frequency of 1310nm.
NZ	For splicing NZDS fibers. MFD is 9~10um at the frequency of 1550nm. WDM fibers can be spliced in this mode as well.
DS	For splicing DS fibers. MFD is 7~9um at near 550nm.
ММ	For splicing multi mode fibers. Core diameter:50.0 ~ 62.5um
Others	Splice modes other than presented above are saved in the arc fusion splicer database. New splice modes will be continuously added to the database. Please contact Ilsintech for the latest available splice modes.

Selection of a splice mode

Select the most appropriate splice mode depending on the type of the fibers to be spliced.

In ready status, press "MENU" or touch "MENU" icon on the screen to call menu. The splice mode appears when the splice menu is selected or clicked using the cursor.

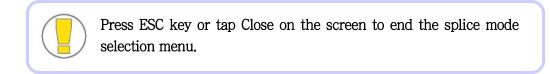
Ready status

Menu screen

Move the selection bar up and down using arrows and enter to select. Or, simply tap the desired mode on the screen and tap "Select" again.

Mode1 SM AU	Ю	
Splice	<u> </u>	Del
1 : SM AUTO		Replace
		New
3 : NZ AUTO 4 : DS AUTO		Edit
5 : G657 AUTO		Select
6 : SM-1		Ciose
7 : SM-2		Close

Splice mode setting



Generation and deletion of a splice mode

How to generate a splice mode

Tap "New" on the screen. Move to the type of fiber that is about to use and press "ENTER". Or, tap the mode and "OK" on the LCD.

Mode1 S	IM AUTO) (New
Splice	• Del		1 : SM-1	_
1 : SM AUTO	Replace		2 : SM-2	
2 : MM AUTO	New		3 : SM-3	
3 : NZ AUTO			4 : SM-4	
4 : DS AUTO	Edit	1	5 : SM-5	
5 : G657 AUTO 6 : SM-1	Select		6 : SM-6	ОК
7 : SM-2	- Close		7 : SM-7	- Close

Splice mode setting

Selection of the to-be-generated

Del
Replace
New
Edit
Select
Close

The generated splice mode

How to change the splice mode

Tap "Replace" on the screen. Move to the type of fiber that is about to use and press "ENTER". Or, tap the mode and "OK" on the LCD.

Mode1 SM AUTO	(Replace
Splice Del 60 : G657-7 Replace 61 : G657-8 New 62 : G657-9 Edit 63 : G657-10 Edit 65 : G657-12 Close	⇒	1 : SM-1 2 : SM-2 3 : SM-3 4 : SM-4 5 : SM-5 6 : SM-6 7 : SM-7 ▼ Close
Splice mode setting		Selection of the mode to be changed

The modes that are generated and listed after number 66 on the list can be changed.

How to remove a splice mode

Tap "Del" on the screen. Move to the type of fiber that is about to use and press "ENTER". Or, tap the mode and "OK" on the LCD.

Mode1 SM AUT	0	
Splice	•	Del
60 : G657-7		Replace
61 : G657-8 62 : G657-9		New
63 : G657-10		Edit
64 : G657-11		Select
65 : G657-12 66 : SM-4	-	Close
00.31014		

Splice mode setting

The modes that are generated and listed after number 66 on the list can be changed.

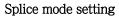
Editing reference or splice modes

The splice factors belonging to each splice mode can be modified. The two of most important factors – discharge and time – can be amended as follow;

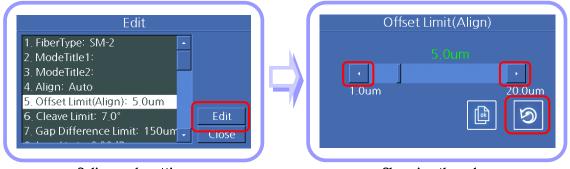


Press the right direction arrow to display the splice mode edit on the splice mode setting. Or tap "Edit".

Mode1 SM AUTO	
Splice	Del
60 : G657-7	Replace
61 : G657-8 62 : G657-9	New
63 : G657-10	Edit
64 : G657-11	Select
65 : G657-12 66 : SM-6	Close



- 2 Move the cursor to the element that needs to be changed by pressing the up and down keys or tapping the screen.
- ³ Press right arrow or tap "Edit" to select an element. The values can be adjusted using right or left direction key or tapping the screen in each element edit screen. Press "ENTER" to save the amended value.



Splice mode setting

Changing the value

Editing splice mode

This function allows you to set multiple splice modes that meet the work environment. Description of various parameters and their uses are explained below.

Parameters	Description
Fiber type	The user can select appropriate modes from the default splice modes and edit the copy of the splice modes saved in the database.
Mode title 1	The title can be composed of 1 to 11 characters.
Mode title 2	It consists of up to 11 characters and is used to provide more detailed information. It can be found in the [Splice Mode] menu.
Arrangement	User can set a mode of alignment Auto : The process of fibers' alignment before splicing is carried out automatically Manual : After auto-alignment of fibers, it is possible to arrange the position of fibers manually.
Offset Limit(Align)	When the fibers' alignment is completed, it compares the warped condition of each fiber's core. if it exceeds the defined limit, an error message appears and the amount is displayed as "*".
Cut angle range	It sets the tolerance range of cut angle. An error message appears when a measured right, left or both angles exceed the range.
Gap difference Limit	When the fibers are aligned before splicing, it compares the gap of each fiber's core. if it exceeds the defined limit, an error message appears and the amount is displayed as "*"
Estimated loss value Limit	User can set a permitted range of the estimated loss value. if the estimated value exceeds the defined value, an error message appears and the amount is displayed as "*"
Tensile force test	If [Tensile force] is set to "ON", a test is carried out during the opening the windshield after splicing or pressing SET.
Discharge cleaning	A short period of discharge is performed to remove the fine dust on the fiber surface as setting the distance between the cross sections of fibers. Arc Time can be set up in the Cleaning Arc.

Discharge time for cleaning	A short period of discharge is performed to remove the fine dust on the fiber surface as setting the distance between the cross sections of fibers.
Distance	It sets the distance between the left and right cross sections during the arrangement and initial discharge time.
Distance position	It sets the position of the fibers to the center of discharge.
Initial discharge	It is set by the initial discharge amount from the beginning of discharge to the moment before the fibers start moving forward. At this moment, if the initial value is too low, the axis' offset can occur due to bad cross section angle of the fiber. On the other hand, if the initial value is too high, the fiber can be burned out or shaped round, resulting in aggravating the splice loss.
Initial discharge time	It is set by the initial discharge time beginning of discharge to the moment before the fibers start moving forward. The meaning of [long discharge time] indicates greater [amount of initial discharge].
Duplication	It sets the duplication amount of the fifers from the forward amount. If [the initial discharge] is weak or [initial discharge time] is not long enough, the [duplication] needs to be smaller. On the other hand, it should be set to bigger if the discharge is strong or the time is longer.
Discharge 1	The discharge can be adjusted by two steps. The first step is discharge 1 and second is discharge 2. Discharge 1 is set here.
Discharge time 1	It sets the time of discharge 1.
Discharge 2	It is the second step of discharge. Discharge 2 is set here.
Discharge time 2	It sets the time of discharge 2. In general, [Discharge time 2] is set to "OFF". It is possible to set a very long discharge time; however, if the discharge time 1 and 2 is longer than 30 seconds, the discharge unit can be damaged.
Discharge time ON	It sets discharge to ON and OFF alternatively while the discharge 2 is performing discharge. The duration of discharge 2's operation is set here. The discharge time ON has to be set always in order to conduct re-discharge.
Discharge time OFF	It is used to set the duration of discharge 2's off time. When the discharge 2 stops working, the re-discharge stops as well

	sometimes. Set this parameter to "OFF" if a continuous re- discharge is required.
Re-discharge time	It sets the re-discharge time. It automatically sets the re-discharge to discharge the same amount as [Discharge 2] in [Splice Mode Edit]. If discharge 2 is set to ON and OFF, the re-discharge is automatically set to ON and OFF as well.
Attraction splice	The splice loss rate increases sometimes when the fiber becomes thinner. The attraction splice is set to "ON". The three factors of the attraction are decided by following three parameters.
Attraction waiting time	It sets the time between the last moment of fiber's moving forward and the initiation of attraction.
Attraction speed	It sets the speed of fiber attraction.
Attraction length	It sets the length of attraction.
Offset(Loss)	If it is not ON, an error message appears when it exceeds the defined limit by each type

Entering mode title / notes / password

The list of characters is displayed underneath when choosing the mode title, note or password.

Select desired characters using up, down, left and right keys or tapping each character on the screen. Then, press "ENTER" to confirm the selections.

						Fil	ber	Ty	pe					
Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н			Κ	L	Μ	Ν	0
Ρ	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	Х	Y	Ζ	t			
							7				@	#	\$	%
Λ	&)					?	<	>	-	_	_	
S	M-	2												5

2. Heater menu

The heater mode consists of 13 different modes. The operator needs to choose the most appropriate heater mode prior to using the protection sleeve.

The protection sleeve type uses the tube heat functions. The reference of this mode can be found in the database. Any contents required can be copied to and amended in the user's program.

Default mode

Parameters	Description
40mm 12core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 12core optical fiber mode
40mm 11core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 11core optical fiber mode
40mm 10core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 10core optical fiber mode

Add mode

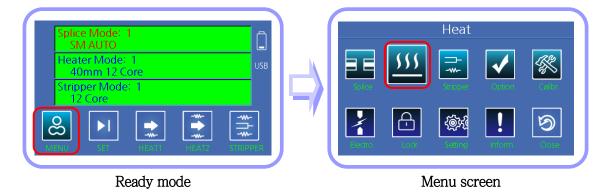
Parameters	Description
40mm 12core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 12core optical fiber mode
40mm 11core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 11core optical fiber mode
40mm 10core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 10core optical fiber mode
40mm 9core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 9core optical fiber mode
40mm 8core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 8core optical fiber mode
40mm 7core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 7core optical fiber mode
40mm 6core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 6core optical fiber mode
40mm 5core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 5core optical fiber mode
40mm 4core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 4core optical fiber mode
40mm 3core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 3core optical fiber mode
40mm 2core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. 2core optical fiber mode
40mm 1core	A mode to heat the standard 40mm sleeve. single optical fiber mode
40mm 1core	A mode to heat the standard 27mm sleeve. single optical fiber mode

Selecting a heater mode

Select a heater mode that is the most appropriate for the fiber protection sleeve in use.

1 The menu appears when pressing "MENU" is pressed or tapping "MENU" icon on the screen in ready mode.

The heater mode is displayed when selecting the heater menu with the cursor or tapping it.



Use up and down keys to select a heater mode and press "ENTER" to confirm the selection. Or, select a heater mode by tapping it and tap "Select" to confirm it.



Setting a heater mode

Modifying heater mode

It is allowed to modify or amend the status of the tube heater, which are saved in the heater mode.

Select the edit mode in the [Heater mode selection] menu using the cursor. Click it to display [Heater mode edit].

Mode1 40mm 12	2 Core	Edit	
Heat 1 : 40mm 12 Core 2 : 40mm 11 Core 3 : 40mm 10 Core	Del Replace New Fdit Select Ciose	1. Sleeve Type: 40mm 2. Mode Title 1: 10 Core 3. Mode Title 2: 4. Heat Control: Long 1 5. Heat Time: 50sec 6. Heat Temp: 180°C 7. Finish Temp: 130°C	Edit Close

Setting heater mode

Editing each element

- 2 Move the cursor to a desired location by using up and down keys or tapping the screen.
- ³ Press right arrow key or tap "Edit" to select an item. The value of each item can be adjusted by using left and right keys or tapping the screen. Press "ENTER" to save the modified value.

Editing of each item and generation / modification of a heater mode can be done in the same way as the splice mode (see page 50).

Parameters	Description
Sleeve type	 To set the proper sleeve type Entire heater mode list is displayed. The program mode that the user intends to use can be copied or selected from the list.
Method name 1	 A heater mode title is displayed at the right bottom on the screen while splice and heating are in operation. Up to 5 characters
Method name 2	 The heater mode is described in the [Sleeve type] screen. Up to 13 characters
Heater adjustment	 It sets heater adjustment sequence. LONG 1 : use of 60mm protection sleeve LONG 2 : The 60 mm protection sleeve is also used for a fiber cut by 8 mm and coated with Ny. MIDDLE : The 40 mm protection sleeve is used. MICRO 1 : The micro sleeve is used for a fiber with 900µm in external diameter. Mircro 2 : The 34mm micro sleeve or a little longer sleeve. Mircro 3 : The 34mm micro sleeve or a little shorter sleeve.
Heating time	 It sets the heating time. The heating time is automatically adjusted depending on the surrounding temperature. The actual heating time could be longer or shorter than the set [Heating time].
Heater temperature	 It sets the heating temperature. Ny coated fibers are used by cutting them by 8 mm and [Heating temperature] has to be higher than 190°C.
Ending temperature	 It sets the ending temperature. The sleeve can be removed after completing heating. [Caution] If the ending temperature is higher, a buzzer sound occurs before the sleeve cools down. If the temperature is higher than 1,000°C, the fiber remaining in the splice point could be compressed and transformed when removing the sleeve from the tube heater.

□ Set the temperature below 200°C when heating the standard sleeve.

□ DO NOT set the heating time longer than 120 seconds at high temperature (higher than 150°C).

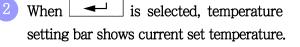
3. Auto Stripper menu

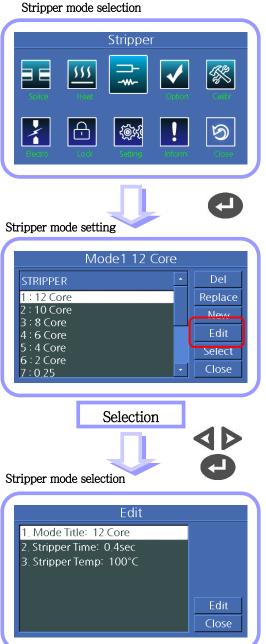
There are two stripper modes.

Since the types of fibers are varied, select the most suitable stripper mode should be selected.

Stripper mode selection

1 Select Stripper Mode] is selected in [Main Menu] to display stripper modes.

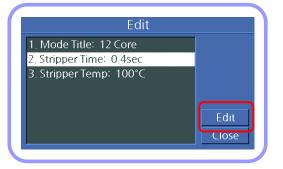




Editing of each item and generation / modification of an Autto stripper mode can be done in the same way as the splice mode (see page 50).

Selection of strip time

 Select [Strip Time Selection] to display strip time. Strip time selection



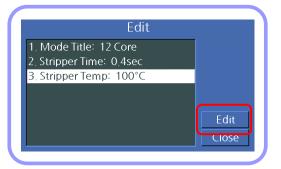
When is pressed, time setting bar shows the current set time.



Strip time can be set from 0 to 15 seconds. Select a time frame suitable for the sheath of the fiber to be used.

1 Select [Strip temperature Selection] to display strip temperature.

Strip temperature selection



Strip temperature setting

2 When <u>setting</u> is pressed, temperature setting bar shows the current set Temperature.



3 Select appropriate strip temperature by using *◄* or *▶* and confirm the adjustment by pressing *◄*.

Strip time can be set from 0 to 150 $^{\circ}$ C. Select a temperature frame suitable for the sheath of the fiber to be used.

4. Option

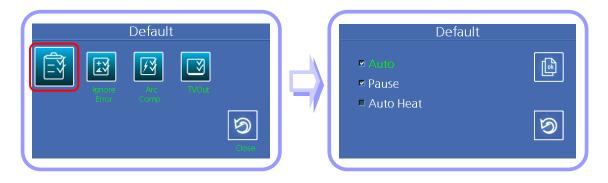
There are 6 sub menus within the option menu.

It can be selected using left and right keys and "ENTER" or tapping the screen.



Basic matters

General settings for the entire modes of splice and tube heater operation can be done.

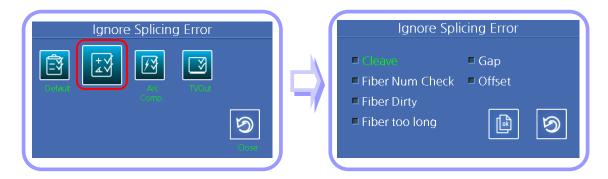


Setting menu

Parameters	Description
Auto splice	The splice process is performed automatically if "Auto splice" is set to "ON". The splice process is carried out automatically when the windshield is closed after preparing fibers inside the splicer.
Pause	The splice work stops after completing the arrangement of fibers when Pause is sent to ON. Discharge splice process is activated when pressing ARC button.
	Data display
Cut angle	When it is set to ON, the cut angles of left and right are measured and displayed on the screen.
Axis deviation	When it is set to ON, the result of measuring the arrangement deviation of core and clad is displayed on the screen.

Ignoring a splice error

The user is allowed to choose whether an error is detected or not while the splice is in progress or it is completed.

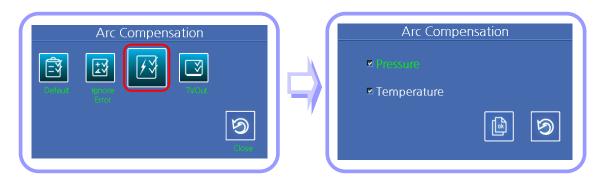


Setting menu

Parameters	Description
Cleave	If it is not checked, an error message appears when the cut angle set for each mode is exceeded.
Gap	If it is not checked, an error message appears when the loss limit for each mode is exceeded.
Fiber num check	If it is not checked, an error message appears when the number of fibers are not same as the selected mode(except Auto Mode) or when the number of left and right fiber do not match
Offset	If it is not checked, an error message appears when it exceeds the defined limit by each type
Fiber Dirty	If it is not checked, an error message appears if the surface of the fibers placed in the splicer is not clean.
Fiber too long	If it is not checked, an error message appears when too long fibers are placed in the Ribbon Groove.

Compensating discharge

Air pressure and temperature are crucial factors for discharging when performing splice. Therefore, the user is allowed to choose whether to compensate the discharge depending on air pressure and temperature.



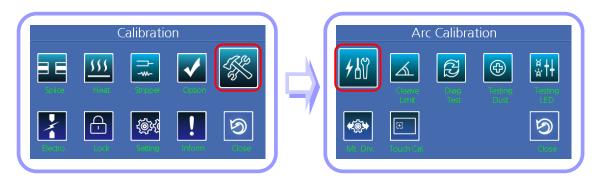
TV Output

The contents of the splicer can be printed via external visual equipment and applicable output methods can be determined.

TV OUT	TV OUT
	• On • Of
	• NTSC • PAL
୭	B S
0*	

5. Calibration

The calibration menu consists of 7 sub menus and is used for checking the basic matters that can be troubled during the operation of the splicer and the condition of the device. It includes discharge calibration, self diagnosis and dust inspection.



Discharge calibration

The changes of surrounding temperature, humidity and air pressure that have been detected by relevant sensors affect the calibration of discharge. But the changes in discharge due to the abrasion of the electrode and splice are not automatically calibrated. Also, the center axis can be moved to left or right while performing splice resulting in the change of the spliced position of the fiber. For this reason, discharge calibration is required.



□ [Discharge calibration] is a function to change the "element" value of the discharged voltage. The value is used for the computation program for splicing. In addition, the calibration value of discharge cannot be changed in the splice mode.

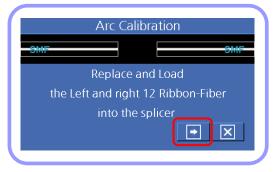
 $\hfill\square$ For the purpose of discharge calibration, a single mode fiber is used.

Select [discharge calibration] in the [Splice menu] to open discharge calibration screen.

- 2 Place the fiber to splice on the splicer
 - □ In general, SM or DS fibers are used for discharge calibration.

□ If there is dust on the fiber used for calibration, the discharge calibration may be affected.

To activate it, press "ENTER" or tap the activation icon.



Discharge is carried out after arranging the fibers and the amount of discharge is adjusted according to the discharge condition.

Result similar to following is displayed on the screen when measuring is completed.

"Complete" message

This message indicates that discharge voltage calibration and splice position have been successfully completed. Press "Esc" to end this function.

Setting cut angle limit

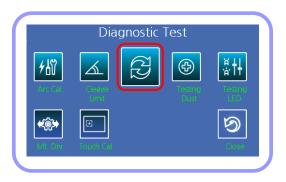
It indicates the cut angle that is measured during the discharge calibration. Therefore, it does not affect the cut angle set for each splice mode and the set angle will be applied only during the calibration.



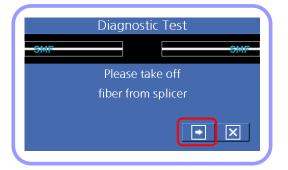


Self-diagnosis

Swift R5 is designed to check its entire functions by simple self-diagnosis tests. It is useful to check the functional condition of the arc fusion splicer.



The self-diagnosis can start by pressing "ENTER" or tapping the screen after removing fibers from the device. See the table below.



	Test item	Description
1	LED Test	Check the brightness of LED.
2	Motor Test	Check the performance of each motor.
3	Dust Test	Observe fibers to find if there is any dust or foreign substances.

- 2 Place properly fibers in the Ribbon Groove of splicer after completing dust test. The process of calibrating motors is initiated when pressing "ENTER" or tapping the screen.
- 3 The result will be displayed on the screen when the tests are completed. If necessary, clean the object lenses. If the foreign substances are not removed after cleaning the object lenses, it is possible that there is a problem in the optic transfer path. In this case, contact Ilsintech. Perform dust test and LED test from [Calibration menu].

X

Dust test

The arc fusion splicer observes fibers through after processing the image visually. Dusts or dirt on the camera, lenses or windshield mirror may interrupt normal observation of fibers, causing a wrong splice result. This function checks the optic fiber path if it is contaminated so it can result in a splice problem.

Dust Test	Dust Test
	Please take off fiber from splicer

Remove any fibers placed in the splicer and press "ENTER" key to start the test.

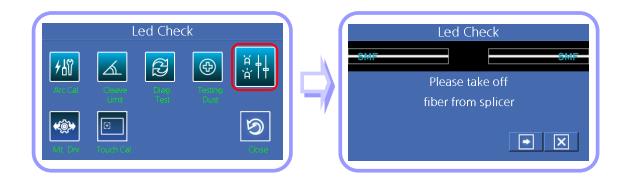
2 If an error message appears on the screen after checking, clean the windshield mirror and the objective lenses and perform [Dust test] again. Refer to "Maintaining splice quality" for the instructions on how to clean.

3 Press "Esc" to end dust test.

If the foreign substances are not removed after cleaning the windshield mirror or the object lenses, contact Ilsintech.

LED Test

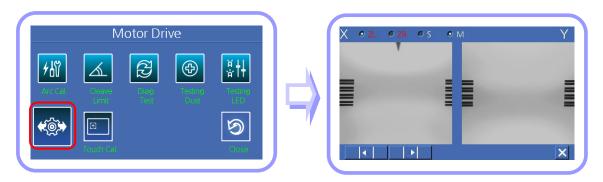
The arc fusion splicer observes fibers after processing the image visually. Dusts or dirt on the camera, lenses or windshield mirror may interrupt normal observation of fibers, causing a wrong splice result. This function checks the brightness of the illumination LED works normally.



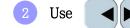
- 1 The self-diagnosis can start by pressing "ENTER" or tapping the screen after removing fibers from the device. See the table below.
- After checking the "ERROR" message is displayed, contact ILSINTECH.
- 3
- Press "Esc" to end dust test.

Running motors

The each of six motors installed in the splicer can be run manually, respectively. The motors can be run using this menu after activating [Pause] during splicing.



Use **buttons** to select a motor. The name of the selected motor is displayed at the top left on the screen.

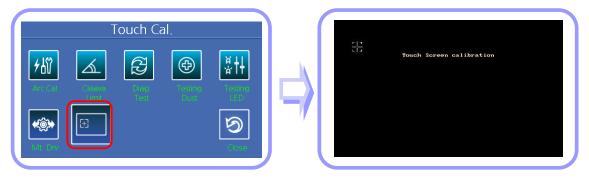


buttons to move the selected motor to a desired direction.

Motor		
ZL	ZL Move backward	ZL Move forward
ZR	ZR Move forward	ZR Move backward

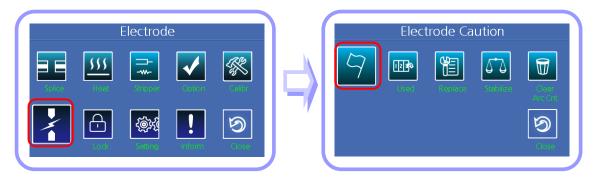
Calibrate the touch screen

The touch screen settings can be calibrated if it is not operated at the proper position. The tapping position can be corrected by touching the cross displayed on the screen.



6. Electrode

It is necessary to regularly check and clean the splicer because the electrode is worn out and silica oxidized substances is deposited. This menu is about replacing the electrode and composed of 4 sub menus.



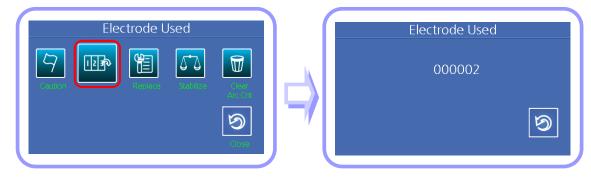
Electrode warning

The recommended replacement cycle of an electrode is 1,000 times use. You can set the replacement cycle. Then, when the set cycle completes, a message to recommend the replacement of the electrode appears.



Use count of electrode

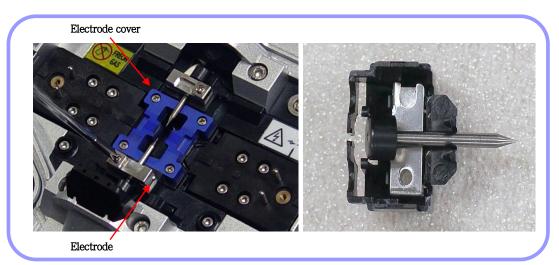
The use count of electrode is displayed.



Electrode replacement

The recommended replacement cycle of an electrode is 1,000 times use. When the set cycle completes, a message to recommend the replacement of the electrode appears. For the replacement of the electrode, you have to turn off the power of the device. If you continue operating the splicer without replacing the worn electrode, the splice loss rate increases and the spliced point becomes weaker.

- 1 Turn off the splicer power.
- 2 Open the electrode cover and unscrew the bolt.
- 3 Remove the electrode cover and take out the used electrode.
- Carefully clean the new electrodes with a cotton swab soaked in alcohol and install it in the splicer.



- i. Place the electrode inside the groove in the electrode cover.
- ii. Close the electrode cover.
- iii. Fasten the bolt again.



Make sure that no damage to the splicer occurs.
Place the electrode cover at the precise position and fasten the bolt, pressing the cover.

Turn on the power. Perform the stabilization of the electrode from the [Electrode] menu.

Electrode stabilization

Sometimes, surrounding environment may cause the occurrence of irregular discharges or splice loss increase. In particular, since it takes a while until discharge is stabilized when the splicer is in lower or higher location, you have to keep adjusting the discharge until the electrode in the case is stabilized. When the measuring is completed "Test Finish" message appears, which indicates that [Discharge calibration] has been properly completed.

Electrode Stabilize		Electrode Stabilize
	⇒	9₩ Please take off fiber from splicer

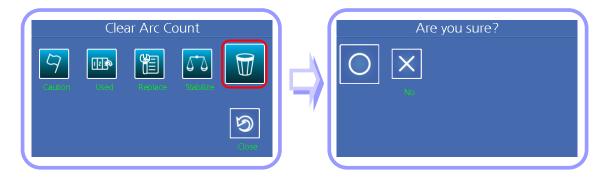
1 Remove the fibers in the splicer to perform splicing.

2 Press "ENTER" key to activate the process for the stabilization of the electrode.

The stabilization process is completed when [Discharge calibration] ends.

Deleting discharge count

The use count of the electrode in use can be deleted. An error message requiring the replacement of electrode may appear if a new electrode is used without deleting the count after replacement.



7. Locking menu

Menus of the splicer can be locked.



Item	Description	
Splice Lock	Check the item to lock it.	
Heater Lock	Check the item to lock it.	
Clear Memory Lock	Check the item to lock it.	
Password Query	If this item is checked, you will be asked to enter password when entering the lock menu.	

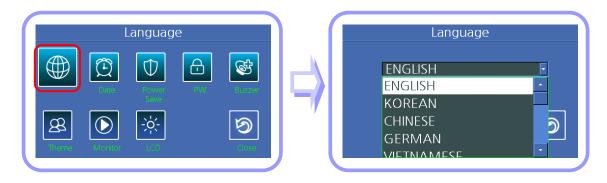
8. Settings

You can modify the detailed settings of the splicer in this menu which contains 8 sub menus.



Language

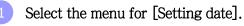
It is used to set the language display.



Date

It is used to set the date and time that is saved in the splicer.

Date	Date
	Year Mon Day 2013 3 8 3 8 3 Hour Min 14 2 3

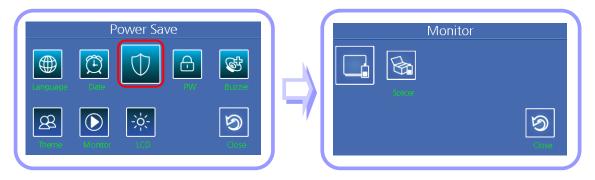


When the screen for setting Year, Month, Date appears, enter appropriate date and time information using left and right direction key to move the cursor and up and down keys to change the figure. Or you can enter them by tapping the screen.

Press "ENTER" key to save the settings.

Power saving

The function to save power is an important function in terms of energy efficiency. When the device is power by the batter pack, operating the device without setting the power saving mode will result in the decrease of available splice times. It is recommended to use the power saving function. Specifically, you can set following functions.



Turning off the monitor

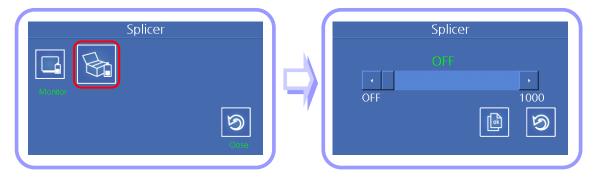
The LCD will be automatically turned off, if the splicer is not used for a specific period of time. When run by the battery pack, make sure to activate this function.

Monitor	Monitor
	OFF OFF 1000 IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII

The monitor is turned on again when you press any key on the keypad.

Turning off the splicer

The splicer will be automatically turned off, if the splicer is not used for a specific period of time.



Changing password

The password of the splicer can be changed.





Enter the current password using up, down, left and right keys and tapping the characters by a finger and press "ENTER" key.



The password was set to 1234 in the factory.





Enter new password.



Enter the new password again to check if it is correctly set.



When changing the password, if an incorrect password is entered or you press a wrong button, the screen moves to upper level. You have to remember the password. If you lose the password, the device has to be brought to the factory to repair it.

Information	Information
Password changed	Password was wrong
If the correct password is entered, the change is completed.	If an incorrect password is entered, the process has to start over.

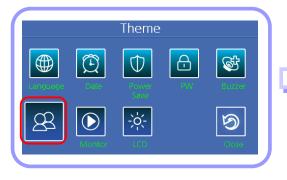
Buzzer

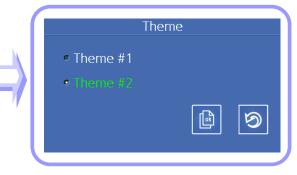
The buzzer can be turned on or off.

Buzzer		Buzze	er
		e Cn	
Language Date Power INV		• Off	
B () \	· · ·		
Thema Montor LCD Clease) (

Theme

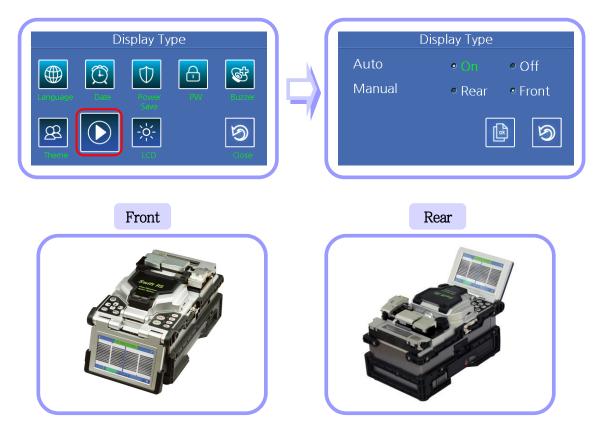
The screen theme can be changed.





Monitor display

The position of the swivel monitor can be changed depending on work situation.



Adjusting monitor brightness

The brightness of LCD can be adjusted.



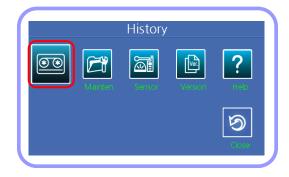
9. Information

You can identify the information of splicer in this menu which contains 5 sub menus.



1) History

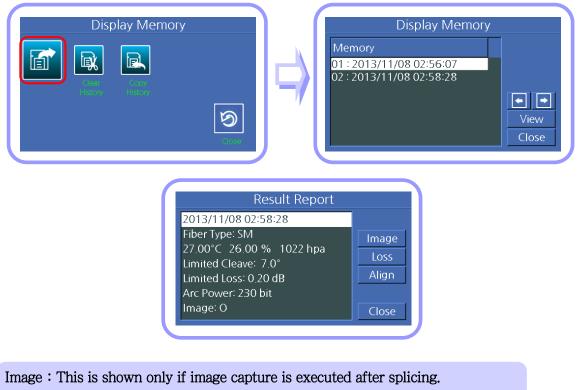
The splice result saved in the memory can be displayed and the saved result can be Confirmation or Deletion.



It can be selected using left and right keys and "ENTER" or tapping the screen.

Displaying splice result

The splice mode type, fiber condition, climate conditions and splice result can be verified. Select a desired item among the displayed splice items and press "ENTER" key.

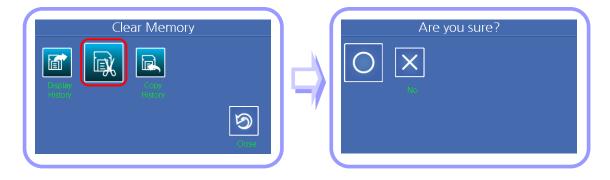


Loss : This is for checking Loss rate.

Align: This is for checking gap angle offset data before splicing.

Deleing a result

A part of or the entire splice results can be deleted.



Copy to USB

The splice results entire can be copy to usb

Copy to USB	Copy to USB Copy to USB?

2) Maintenance information

When [Maintenance information] is selected, following information is displayed.



Items	Description
Production date	The date when equipment was manufactured (year, month and date).
Discharge count	Discharge count since the replacement of the electrode. It can be initialized to '0' by activating [Deleting discharge count] in the [Sub] menu.
Total discharge count	Total discharge count since its first operation.
Last maintenance date	The date when the device was maintained most recently.
Next maintenance date	The date where the device will be maintained next time.
Serial number	The unique serial number given to the device.

3) Sensor information

The splicer consists of various sensors including temperature, pressure and humidity.

Sensor Value		Sensor Value	
1] "[Humidily 25.87%	Ø

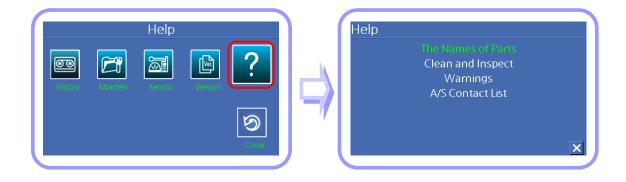
4) Program Version

This is to check current software version and to upgrade software by connecting USB Memory Stick containing upgrade file to Splicer machine.

Program Ver		Program Ver Fusion Splicen Swift R5: Version R5_1.04_16_0.64_4 (C) Copyright ilsintech	(
	Jpgrade pgrade ?	No	

5) Help

This is for product information and the others such as Clean and Inspect, Warnings, A/S Contact List, Video Manual.



VIII. Error Messages

1. FIBER DIRTY

It is displayed when the fiber prepared for splice is contaminated more than normal status.

 \Rightarrow Reset the fiber after cleaning the fiber



2. REPLACE POSITION

It is displayed when the fiber is not placed in the middle of the electrode and Ribbon Groove or the object lenses or reflection mirror is contaminated.

- ⇒ Press Reset button and place the fiber in the middle of the electrode and Ribbon Groove.
- ⇒ Check the condition of the lenses and reflection mirror and remove any dirt.

ERROR	
FIBER	
REPLACE POSITION	
Ali9n in 9	

3. Too Long Fiber

It is displayed when the fiber is placed too close to the electrode, the lenses or reflection mirror is dirty or LED light is not bright enough.

- \Rightarrow Press Reset button and place the fiber again.
- \Rightarrow Remove dust and dirt from the lenses and reflection mirror.
- \Rightarrow Conduct an LED test. If an error occurs, contact Ilsintech.



4. FIBER OVER ANGLE

It is displayed when the measured cut angle of the fiber is greater than the limit.

- \Rightarrow Reset the fiber after checking the condition of the fiber cutter.
- \Rightarrow Check the value of the cut angle.



5. LOSS LIMIT OVER

It is displayed when the estimated splice loss is greater than the limit.

 \Rightarrow Check the value of the splice loss limit.



6. FIBER THIN ERROR

It is displayed when the spliced part becomes thinner after completing the splice.

- \Rightarrow Reduce the attraction length of the attraction splice.
- \Rightarrow Check whether the discharge amount is set too big or the discharge time is set to long.

7. FIBER THICK ERROR

It is displayed when the spliced part becomes unnecessarily thicker after completing the splice.

- \Rightarrow Reduce the set value of duplication.
- ⇒ Check whether the discharge amount is set too small or the discharge time is set to short.

8. CORE BUBBLE

It is displayed when bubbles or dots exist in the spliced part after completing the splice.

- \Rightarrow Check the condition of the fiber cutter.
- \Rightarrow Clean the Ribbon Groove.
- \Rightarrow Check the condition of the electrode.

IX. How to deal with splicing problems

Please do as instructed below when the splice loss is too big or any abnormal operation is discovered.

1. When the splice loss is too high

1) It may have been caused by dirt or dust on the surface of fibers.

- Carefully clean the surface of the fibers.
- DO NOT clean the fiber after being cut so as to prevent the contamination of its cross section.
- DO NOT push the fiber through the Ribbon Groove when setting it.
- Set the fiber by putting it down from the top.
- 2) The arrangement of the fibers can be interrupted by the dirt in the Ribbon Groove.

Keep the Ribbon Groove and fiber holder clean at all times.

Bad electrode

Replace the electrode if it is worn out, its tip is bent or contaminated.

4 Improper discharge or discharge time

- Check the set values of discharge amount and discharge time and reset them, if necessary.
- · The machine is delivered after being set to the most optimized values.

5 Inappropriate splice mode

Check if the proper splice mode for the fiber that is to be spliced has been selected.

2. Abnormal operation of arc fusion splice

The arrangement activity is repeated.

- Open the windshield cover and close it again.
- Rest the system by pressing Reset button when an error occurs by opening the windshield cover. Turn off the power and contact Ilsintech.

2 The error message of "Too Long Fiber" appears repeatedly.

Reset and turn off the power. Contact Ilsintech.

X.Q&A

1. Power

Unable to turn off the power by pressing the power button.

Press the switch and hold it for about 1 second and release the button when the monitor is turned off.

Unable to perform many times of splicing with the battery pack that has been fully charged.

If the power saving mode is not activated, the battery runs out quickly. Please refer to [Power saving mode] for more information. If the battery pack has not been used for a while, charge it again until it is charged fully.

Use a new battery pack if the battery pack in use has been used for a long time and its recommended use period has passed. Since the battery works based on chemical reactions, the amount of power decreases at a low temperature and, in particular, it runs out very quickly when the temperature is below zero. Also, the battery runs out fast when it is used at a high temperature because the power consumption increases. If you cannot charge the battery pack fully, do as instructed below.

3 LED is not turned on while charging the battery pack.

Disconnect the AC power cord from the charger and connect the DC cord to the charging jack. Connect the AC power cord in 10 to 15 seconds. The LED of the battery pack is turned on red and charging begins.

Nothing is displayed on the indicator of the battery pack.

Charge the battery pack.

When the battery indicator provides wrong information.

Use the indicator information only for your information. This issue may occur when the indicator is not working properly.

2. Splice operation

When an error message appears on the screen.

Refer to the [Error message list] for detailed information.

2 Irregular or high splice loss

Cleaning the Ribbon Groove, fiber holder, windshield mirror and object lenses referring to [Maintaining splice quality]. Replace the electrode referring to [Replacing electrode]. Refer to "High estimated loss" on the [Error message list]. If the fiber is twisted or bent, place the bent direction down. The splice loss will vary depending on the cut angle, discharge conditions and the contamination condition of fiber. If you cannot fix the high spice loss problem after performing abovementioned methods, contact Ilsintech. It is recommended to conduct a regular maintenance of the machine once per year to ensure good splice quality.

3 Check the splice procedure.

Refer to [Splice procedure].

4 Monitor is turned off suddenly.

Press key and check the power saving menu.

5 The power of the splicer is turned off suddenly.

Turn on the splicer again and check the power saving menu.

- 6 How to change the limit values of the cut angle, splice loss and fiber angle. Refer to [Editing splice modes].

 - An error message can be ignored.

Refer to [Additional functions for splice].

8 Unable to Discharge amount and time.

You cannot change discharge amount and time in SM, NZ, MM or Auto mode. A proper discharge amount can be maintained in these modes by performing [Discharge calibration]. The discharge amount and time will set automatically to prevent from being changed in other mode.

How to set pause? Refer to [Additional functions for splice]. How to display the cut angle, fiber angle and core / clad? Refer to [Additional functions for splice]. 11 Difference between estimated splice loss and measured splice loss. The estimated splice loss is just a result from computation so it has to be used for information only. The fiber parts of the splicer have to be maintained clean at all times. When splicing special fibers, adjust [MFD - left] and [MFD - right]. When splicing different kinds of fibers, [minimum loss] and [MFD difference] have to be adjusted. Refer to parameter settings of the other splice modes saved in the database sector for setting parameters. Re-discharge is ON/OFF discharge when using special modes. Set [Discharge 2 ON time] and [Discharge 2 OFF time] to 500 and "OFF', respectively. Refer to [Editing splice modes]. 3. Operation of the tube heater The fiber protection sleeve is not fully contracted. Increase the duration of heating. Refer to [Modifying heater mode] for more information. The heater is overheated. Stop the operation of the heater by pressing the heater key. Turn off the power and contact Ilsintech. The fiber protection sleeve is not separated from the heating plate after being contracted. Use a cotton swab or a similar object to this to push or remove the sleeve. How to initialize the heating condition in the heater mode? Refer to [Editing splice modes] for more information.

5

How to cancel the heating process?

You cannot cancel the heating process by pressing "RESET" key. Press "HEAT" key one more time to cancel it.

4. Maintenance

Check if you can prohibit the user of the function list. Refer to [Locking menu].

2 How to lock "Splice", "Edit" or heater mode?

Refer to [Locking menu] for more information.

- 3 If you forget the password, Contact Ilsintech.
- 5. Other settings
 - Splicing is repeated a number of times until "Test Finish" is displayed during [Discharge calibration].

Adjustment in various levels has to be done after replacing the electrode or surrounding conditions are changed much.

2 Splicing is repeated a number of times until "Test Finish" is displayed during [Discharge calibration].

Activate the [stabilization of the electrode] in [Maintenance menu]. If "Test Finish" is not displayed after then, replace the electrode using [electrode replacement] function.

Discharge amount is not changed after performing [discharge calibration].

Internal factors are calibrated. The discharge amount displayed on each splice mode is not changed. The calibration result affects entire splice modes.

XI. Warranty Period and Contact Information

1. Warranty period and services

The arc fusion splicer is warranted against defective materials and workmanship for one year from the date of shipment. However, the warranty will not cover any defects or damage to the machine and customers will be charged for the repair of the machine even if it within the warranty period, if such defect or damage occurred as a result of

1 Natural disaster(s),

- 2 Applying over-voltage,
- 3 Customer's mishandling,
- 4 Customer's misuse without following instructions or operation procedures provided by this service manual, or
- 5 Expendables (including electrode).
- 2. Before sending the arc fusion splicer to us,

It is necessary to contact Ilsintech first.

3. Information required for repair

Write following information on a piece of paper and attach it to the machine.
 (Name, Department, Company, Address, Phone number, Fax number and email address)

- 2 Serial number of the machine
- 3 The operation condition of the splicer and error messages that have appeared by the time the machine is sent to Ilsintech.

4. Transport

The arc fusion splicer is high precision equipment, so it is required to transport after keeping it in a case to protect it from humidity, vibration and physical shock. In case of request for repair, the machine must be put in the case along with its parts before its transport.

5. Repair

Any data saved in the memory including splice results and splice modes may be deleted as a result of repair.

Product Warranty					
Name of	product		Swift R5		
Production Number					
Date of purchase					
Customer	Name		Telephone		
Customer	Address				

- ◆ General Product Limited Warrant
- 1. This product is manufactured under strict quality management and inspection processes.
- 2. Ilsintech Co., Ltd warrants this product against defective materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of purchase. However, this warranty does not cover a damage or failure caused by or attributable to a reason for Exclusion and Limitations even if the equipment is still under warranty.
- 3. This warranty card has to be presented when the product is repaired.
- 4. The arc fusion splicer is high precision equipment, so it is required to transport after keeping it in a case to protect it from humidity, vibration and physical shock.
- Exclusion and Limitations
 - This warranty will not cover a damage or failure and charges (repairing charge + part + travel expenses) will apply even if the equipment is still under warranty, if such damage or failure has occurred due to or when
- 1. Natural disaster,
- 2. Applying over-voltage,
- 3. Customer's mishandling,
- 4. Customer's misuse without following instructions or operation procedures provided by this service manual, or
- 5. The stamped seal is broken or damaged.

* Contact the service center or the dealer you purchased the machine when you require maintenance or repair service. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Device Type	Notification
A Class Device (Broadcasting and communication device, commercial use)	Users need to understand that this device (A Class) has obtained EMI (Electromagnetic compatibility) and been designed to be used in places other than home.

Tel: +82 42 671 5609~10

http:// www.ilsintech.com

E-mail : sales@ilsintech.com